ANSWERS - MONDAY 23rd MARCH - 2BE

Spectrum 2 DOSSIER DE VOCABULARIO BÁSICO- Page 43 Vocabulary Solutions

Money

- **1** 1 E
 - 2 G F C D

 - 7 B

Verbs and prepositions of movement

- **2** 1 climb
 - 2 swim
 - 3 dive
 - 4 crawl
 - 5 slide

Weddings

- 31 E
 - 2 D
 - 3 A
 - 4 B
 - 5 F

Spectrum 2

be going to for future plans and intentions

- **1** 1 aren't going to
 - 2 is
 - 3 Are they
 - 4 going to chase
 - 5 are you
 - 6 are
- **2** 1 Olivia is going to visit her grandparents.
 - 2 Mum and Dad aren't going to drive to the cinema.
 - 3 Is Jack going to get married next year?
 - 4 Max and I are going to go skiing at the weekend.
 - 5 That new computer game is going to be a success.

be going to and will for predictions

- **3** 1 His leg is hurt. He isn't going to finish the marathon.
 - 2 The sky looks very dark. Is it going to rain soon?
 - 3 I'm not sure she'll donate the money to charity.
 - 4 We think you'll enjoy the race on Sunday.
 - 5 Will they be annoyed with us?
- **4** 1 PB
 - 2 FP
 - 3 PB
 - 4 PE 5 FP
 - 5 FP 6 PE
 - 7 PB

Spectrum 2 DOSSIER DE VOCABULARIO BÁSICO - Page 45 **Review UNIT 4** Solutions

Vocabulary **Exercise 5** 1. Are Jim and Sarah going to stop **Exercise 1** working? No, they aren't. 2. Are they going to give any money to 1. pocket charity? Yes, they are. 2. spend 3. Are they going to spend any money on 3. donate their children? Yes, they are. 4. pay, cash 4. Is Sarah going to buy a car? No, she 5. win, prize isn't. 5. Is Jim going to go to the Olympics? No, Exercise 2 he isn't. 1. C 2. D **Exercise 6**

3. E	
4. A	1. 's going to

- - 3. 'll, 'm going to

- 3 E
- 5. B

Exercise 3

- 1. get married
- 2. wedding
- 3. bride
- 4. groom
- 5. rings

Grammar

Exercise 4

- 1. aren't going to stop
- 2. are going to donate
- 3. are going to buy
- 4. 's going to travel
- 5. isn't going to go
- 6. 's going to spend

- 2. 're going to

ANSWERS - TUESDAY 24th MARCH - 2BE

Spectrum 2 STUDENT'S BOOK-Page 58 Solutions

Exercise 1

- 1. They can buy paintings, drawings and cards.
- 2. They want to raise money for charity.
- 3. The bus is going to transport people from the school to the Town Hall.

Exercise 2

- 1. reason for
- 2. noun or pronoun
- 3. because

Exercise 3

- 1. Due to money problems, the club will close down.
- 2. We aren't going out today because of the weather.
- 3. We're holding an event because of we're raising money for charity.

Spectrum 2 WORKBOOK-Page 38 Solutions

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Writing a formal letter of invitation Look at language: because (of) and due to

- 1 Choose the correct ending (a or b).
 - I'm going to buy this coat **because** ...
 - a I like it.)
 - **b** I prefer the other one.
 - 1 I like her because of ...
 - a she's very positive.
 - (**b** her positive attitude.)
 - 2 We couldn't go camping **due to** ... **a** the weather was bad.
 - (b the bad weather.)
 - We chose this hotel because ...
 a its excellent sports facilities.
 (b it's got a swimming pool.)
 - 4 The road is closed due to ...
 (a an accident earlier this morning.)
 b there was an accident this morning.
 - 5 Walking across the desert is hard because of ...a it's very hot.
 - (b the high temperatures.)

Writing task

2 Read the email and complete the missing verb forms. Write one word in each space.

Dear Mr Wilson

I'm writing to invite you to take part in the fun run in our village. It's on Sunday, 17th April.

The race starts at 12.00 p.m. from the square. It's 5 km long but it **won't** be very fast due to not many people being real athletes. You can run with me if you like – I think it (1) **'ll/will** be fun! It's a charity event and because of this, it costs \in 5 to enter and we're (2) **going** to ask our friends and family to donate money too. I hope we (3) **'ll/will** raise \in 1,000 for Unicef. Some people (4) **are** going to wear funny costumes, but you don't need to.

I hope you can come because it (5) <u>'II / will</u> be a great event, and good exercise as well. I look forward to hearing from you.

Best wishes

Ben Ritchie

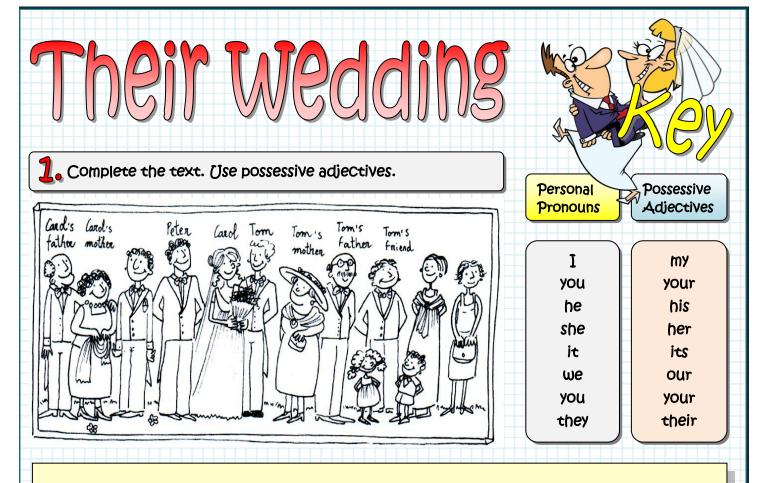
- 3 Write an email inviting someone to a charity event. Answer the questions in the writing guide and use the model text in exercise 2 to help you.

Writing guide						
Paragraph A	What is the invitation for?When is the event?					
Paragraph B	Give more information about the event: • Give a description of the event. • What time will it start? • Where will it be? • Why is it going to happen? (Use going to for plans and predictions based on external evidence; use because (of) and due to to show the result of things.)					
Paragraph C	 What do you think it will be like? (Use will for predictions based on your ideas and opinions.) 					

VOCABULARY REFERENCE PAGES 96-97

38

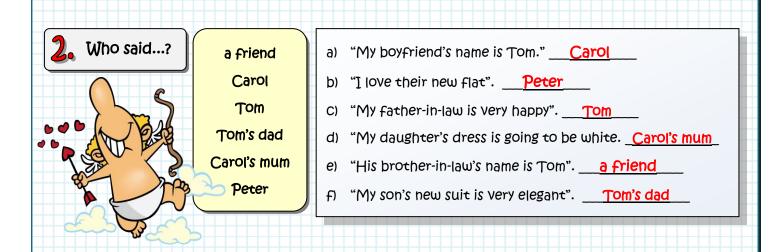
Unit 4 (Making it happen



This is Peter's sister. <u>Her</u> $_{1}$ name is Carol. <u>Her</u> $_{2}$ boyfriend's name is Tom. Tom and Carol have got a new flat. <u>Their</u> $_{3}$ new flat is in the main street of the town. Peter went to see <u>his</u> $_{4}$ sister's flat yesterday. He liked it a lot. Soon Tom will be <u>his</u> $_{5}$ brother-in-law because Carol and Tom are getting married!

<u>His</u> and <u>her</u> $_6$ parents are very happy. All <u>their</u> $_7$ friends are going to go to the wedding. <u>Her</u> $_8$ dress is going to be white and <u>his</u> $_9$ suit is going to be very elegant.

The wedding is going to be in Church. <u>Her</u> $_{10}$ father is going to drive her to the Church in a big limousine. After the Ceremony, they are going to a restaurant to have a meal and a huge party with all <u>their</u> $_{11}$ friends.



ANSWERS - THURSDAY 26th MARCH - 2BE

Spectrum 2 STUDENT'S BOOK-Pages 60-61 Solutions

Exercise 2

- 1. baby
- 2. toddler
- 3. child
- 4. teenager
- 5. adult
- 6. elderly

Exercise 3

- 1. D
- 2. E
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. A

Exercise 4

- 1. comprar una casa
- 2. conseguir un trabajo
- 3. casarse
- 4. ir a la universidad
- 5. crecer
- 6. tener hijos
- 7. aprender a conducir
- 8. irse de casa
- 9. cambiar / mudarse de casa
- 10. jubilarse

Spectrum 2 WORKBOOK-Page 40 Solutions



1 \star Find five more life stages in the wordsquare.

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Ρ	D	Е	R	J	F	А	Y	S	E
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T	Е	E	Ν	А	G	Е	R	Е	L
Μ	Т	F	А	Е	С	D	G	В	Y

2 * Match verbs 1-5 with a-f.

	buy	f	а	to university
1	get	C	b	children
2	move	d	С	married
3	have	<u></u> Ь	d	home
4	go	a	е	to drive
5	learn	e	f	a house

3 ****** Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

You retire when you're a toddler. **F**

- 1 You leave school when you're elderly. ____
- 2 You can get married when you're an adult. ____
- 3 You start school when you're a child. ____
- 4 You can get a job when you're a baby. ____
- 5 A child grows up and becomes a teenager. ____
- 6 You can leave home when you're a toddler. ____



- 4 ** Complete the sentences about life events.
 Use the verbs from exercises 2 and 3.
 - After his exams, he's going to learn to drive.
 - 1 I'm saving to buy a house next year.
 - 2 Most people **get** married and **have** children in their 20s and 30s.
 - 3 When I'm 20, I'll *leave* home and share a flat with friends.
 - 4 My grandmother wants to <u>retire</u> and go travelling.
 - 5 Did you **grow** up in a big family?
 - 6 My dad wants to <u>get</u> a job in another country, but I don't want to <u>move</u> home. I like living here.
- 5 ★★★ Answer the questions with your own ideas.

9	ll the time and you don't need to work hard Students' answers
	t what age can you do these things in your
	ountry? Do you think it's the right age?
a	/hy / Why not? leave school
a	
Ь	retire
С	get married
d	learn to drive

FOTOCOPIA DE EJERCICICIOS: Ages and Stages (KEY)

Ex.1)

2H 3B 4G 5D 6A 7I 8F 9J 10C

- Ex. 2)
- 1 a baby 2 their early thirties 3 a toddler 4 adolescence 5 elderly 6 retired 7 mid twenties 8 an adult 9 teenager 10 middle-aged

Ex. 3)

T
 F He grew up in England.
 F He met Sarah when he was a student at the university.
 T
 F They broke up because they had a lot of arguments.
 T
 F They got married within five months.
 F their first child was a girl.

Ex. 4)

1C 2D 3B 4F 5G 6E 7A

ANSWERS - FRIDAY 27th MARCH - 2BE

Spectrum 2 STUDENT'S BOOK-Page 63 Solutions

Exercise 5

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. C

A Past ability

He couldn't walk properly as a child. She could play the piano when she was two. He could walk and talk before he was one. He could read and write fluently.

B Present permission

Can I stop running now?

C Past permission

Doctors at his local hospital said he could watch their operations.

Exercise 6

- 1. can't
- 2. could, can't
- 3. couldn't
- 4. can't
- 5. Can
- 6. could

Exercise 7

- 1. could
- 2. couldn't
- 3. could
- 4. can
- 5. can't

Exercise 8

Student's answers

Spectrum 2 WORKBOOK-Page 41 Solutions

Grammar can / can't / could / couldn't

1 ★ Tick (✓) the sentences which refer to the past.

Could you see the TV?

- 1 I can't ride a bike.
- 2 You can leave home when you're 16.
- 3 They couldn't find our house.
- 4 My grandma can make delicious cakes.
- 5 People could send letters and telegrams.

2 * Do the sentences refer to ability or permission? Write A (ability) or P (permission).

- I couldn't find my keys. A
- 1 Can you ski? A
- 2 I couldn't go out. Mum said no.P....
- 3 Could you do judo last year? A
- 4 Can we drink water in the library? ____
- 5 She could swim when she was three. A
- 3 ****** Look at the information about Juan's abilities and choose the correct option.

		Now	In 2005
	cook	1	×
ie !	drive	1	1
شه في المشه	run 5 km	X	1
	sing	X	×

He can / can't cook well now, but he can't / couldn't) cook in 2005.

- 1 He could / (couldn't) sing in the past, and he still (can't) / couldn't sing at all!
- 2 'What can / could he do in 2005 that he can / can't do now?'
- 'Run 5 km.''Can / (Could) he drive in 2005?'
 - 'Yes, he can / could).'
- 4 'What can / could he do now that he can't / couldn't do in 2005?' 'Now he can / can't cook.'

GRAMMAR REFERENCE PAGES 102-103

 ** Complete the sentences and questions with *can*, *can't*, *could* or *couldn't* and the verbs. Then write A (ability) or P (permission).

Can you leave (you / leave) school at 16? P 1 He's good at football, but he can't play

- (not play) tennis.
- 2 | could read (read) before I went to school. A
- 3 Your friends *can stay* (stay) until 9.00, but then they must go home. **P**
- 4 How was the exam? *Could you answer* (you / answer) all the questions? <u>A</u>
- 5 We're sorry, but we *can't come* (not come) to your wedding. We'll be on holiday.
- 5 *** Choose two more activities and complete the chart so it is true for you. Use the one in exercise 3 to help you. Then write sentences with can, can't, could or couldn't.

	Now	When I was five
swim		

When I was five years old I couldn't swim, but now I can swim very well.



